NEW YORK CITY

Unprecedented Downpour Seriously Impedes Business and Traffic.

TRAIN SERVICE IS CRIPPLED

A Great Pari of the City Laid Under Water-Scores of Plants Shut Down, Involving Loss of Pully \$1,000,000.

New York, Oct. 10.-Torrential rain, commencing early Thursday morning and continuing with scarcely any in-termission until late Friday afternoon, during which time the unprecedented precipitation of 10.04 inches was recorded at the local weather bureau, laid New York city under a flood Friday, causing damage that will amount many hundred thousand dollars. Friday night the rain ceased, but a coast storm is reported to be approaching, and a threatened hurricane renders it unsafe for vessels of any class

Aldug all the river front, and in many sections of Brooklyn, cellars were flooded and an enormous amount of damage done. A great portion of the subway was badly flooded. Traffic Crippled.

Suburban, steam and street car lines with hardly an exception, were badly crippled by floods and washouts, and in the early morning rush hours thousands of suburban residents were unable to reach their offices in this city. Those who were fortunate enough to cross the ferries found further progress blocked by the submerged condition of the water-front streets, across which they were ferried in trucks and wagong.

Reports of extensive floods and serious damage to property and interruptions of traffic came from almost ali sections of New Jersey and Long Island. In Newark, Passaic and other large manufacturing centers, many factories were closed down owing to the flooding of engine rooms. In many places electric light and power plants were shut down for the same reason. A dam on the Ramapo river, at Pompton, broke, flooding the valley for ter miles, but causing no loss of life. Great Loss at Paterson.

Paterson, N. J., was one of the worst sufferers, and for a time there was grave danger of a repetition of the terrible disaster of last February.

Last night the flood was subsiding, and all danger is believed to be over A great part of the city was laid under water, and scores of great plants, including those of the Rogers locomotive works and the Passaic Steel Co. were flooded and shut down, involving a loss estimated at fully \$1,000,000.

Only one life was reported lostthat of a girl drowned by the carrying away of a bridge over a creek Thousands of New Jersey commuters slept in New York last night, being unable to return to their homes.

All Railroads Tied Up. Except for the actual running of the ferry boats the Eric railroad was practicaly tied up. No trains were run on the main line west of Passaic, none on the Newark branch west of Newark, none west of Norwood on the northern branch, none west of Arlington, and no trains on either the Jersay & New York railroad or the New York, Susequehanna & Western rail-

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western was also badly crippled.

On the Pennsivania it was stated that regular schedules were maintained.

The only delay to the trains on the New York Central & Hudson River railroad and the New York, New Haven & Harford railroad was during the heaviest part of the storm, when the water rose to a height of three feet on the tracks in the Bronx, and the engineers were obliged to run cautiously. By the time the storm had cleared, however, the local trains were running on their regular schedules. The express trains from Boston and the west, however, were from tifteen minutes to an hour late.

EXTRADITION TREATIES.

Negotiations Regarding Extension of Provisions of Extradition Treatles to Begin at Once.

Washington, Oct. 10 .- Circuit Attorney Joseph W. Folk, of St. Louis, who has been in conference with the presdent, Secretary Hay, Attorney-General knox and others, regarding the extension of the provisions of extradition treaties between the United States and foreign countries, having completed his mission, left Friday for St. Louis. He had a final conference with Secretary Hay, at which it was agreed the Tuesday. negotiations for the supplemental treaties should be begun at once. It under sentence of a three-year term in is the expectation that extradition the penitentiary, having been convicted treaties would be negotiated not only with England and France, but with all other rations with which this country has treaty relations.

Heavy Rainfall in England. London, Oct. 10 .- The heaviest rainfall of the year is causing enormous damage in the north of England. The roads are impassable, railroads are being interrupted, bridges are down, and the valleys of the Dee and of the Tweed

are like inland seas. Heard From in London. New York, Oct. 10.-William Mac-Queen, the anarchist, convicted of rioting in Paterson, N. J., sentenced to five years in prison, and escaped

justice by jumping his bail, has been heard from in London. Not Johnston's Wife.

New York, Oct. 10 .- Dr. Albert Mix Johnston is quoted as having admitted that Marie Layton, who as "Mrs Johnston," is in the Tombs on the charge of having robbed the United States Playing Card Co. of a large sum, is not his wife.

Threntened With Appendictis. New York, Oct. 10.-Hamilton Fish, associate United States treasurer, in charge of the sub-treasury here, is ill, the doctors say he is threatened night. Insanity caused by ill health with appendicitis.

CITIZENSHIP More Indictments By the Federal

Grand Jury at St. Louis.

Forty Counts Against W. A. Morrow, Gov Dockery's Stenographer, and Thomas E. Barret'.

St. Louis, Oct. 11 .- W. A. Morow, assistant private secretary to Gov. Alexander M. Dockery; Thomas E. Barrett, former marshal of the St. Louis court of appeals, and Joseph J. Gillick, democratic precinct committeeman of St. Louis county, are named in indictments returned by the federal grand jury. Aiding and abetting naturalization frands and conspiracy to fraudulently naturalize aliens are the charges in the indictments against them.

There are ten indictments each against Morrow and Barrett. Each indictment contains four counts, making 40 counts against each of the men.

In a separate indictment for conspiracy, the name of Joseph J. Gillick is included with those of Morrow and

It is understood that the indictment against Gillick is more for the purpose of holding him as a witness that for

Gov. Dockery, accompanied by "Al" Morrow, who was indicted late Friday afternoon on the charge of aiding and abetting naturalization frauds, arrived in St. Louis Saturday morning, and stated that he would sign the bond for Morow's appearance for trial under the charges. Secretary of State Cook said he was also willing to go on Morrow's bond.

Morrow stated that he had not seen the indictments, and had not heard of them until late Friday night in Jefferson City, when he started at once for St. Louis. He refused to discuss the case at this time.

Upon arraignment before Judge Adams in the United States circuit court. Saturday, both Morrow and Barrett entered pleas of not guilty. Morrow's bond was fixed at \$12,000. John S. Elliot, of Boonville; Harvey W. Salmon, of Clinton, and Festus J. Wade, of St. Louis, qualified as sureties. Barrett, who was already under indictment on the charge of abetting naturalization frauds, was required to give additional bond of \$4,000. This bond was signed by Murray Carleton, president of the St. Louis Transit Co.

Immediately after the bonds were certified Judge Adams took charge of the indictments, notifying the clerk that under no circumstances must their contents be made public.

The trial of Morrow was set for Nocember 3. Barrett will be tried about the same time. Fred W. Lehmann has been retained as counsel for Morrow. while Judge Henry S. Bond will rep-

FAYETTE OLD SETTLERS.

Prizes Awarded At the Reunion of Old Settlers of Fayette County, Illinois.

Vandalia, Ill., Oct. 11 .- The annual reunion of old settlers of Favette county was held in this city Friday. Mr Francis Binyon, who was the oldest man present, 103 years, was awarded a new hat. The oldest woman, Mrs. Martha Mitchell, 85 years, was awarded a rocking chair. Mrs. Mary Ballinger was awarded a dress pattern, being the mother of the largest number of children, 17. Mr. and Mrs. John B. Henninger were awarded a pair of blankets, being the longest married of by the Ancient and Honorable Artil- tempt of Addicks to purchase the Delaany couple in the county, 56 years. A lery Company of Boston and the Min- ware senatorship. That Mr. Payne of carding and spinning.

CRAPS-SHOOTERS FINED.

St. Louis Policemen, Convicted o Shooting Craps, Fined Twenty-Five Dollars Each.

St. Louis, Oct. 11.-The jury in the case of Patrolmen John Glynn, Willjam Timke and Charles F. Campbell of the Ninth district and Michael Hogan and . homas Barry, who were on trial for shooting craps in Hogan's saloon Jefferson and Cass avenues, returned a verdict of guilty in the court of crim inal correction Friday night. The penalty in the cases of the three patrolmer and Thomas Barry was a fine of \$25 and costs each and to Michael Hogan, proprietor of the saloon, \$100 and costs. There was some unblushing perjury committed on the side of the defense which may be heard of later on.

MISSOURI SUPREME COURT.

The Case of Ed Butler, of St. Louis, Under Septence for Bribery, On First Day's Docket.

Jefferson City, Mo., Oct. 11.-The Missouri state supreme court convenes

The case against Ed Butler, who is of bribery, which comes to the supreme court on an appeal from the Boone county circuit court, is set on the dock et for the first day of the term.

Strike of Colorado Miners. Denver, Col., Oct. 12 .- A strike of the cha) miners in District No. 15, which was authorized by the United Mine Workers' executive committee at Indianapolis Saturday, seems to be inevitable since the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. and the Victor Fuel Co. persist in

atives of the miners' organization. If called, the strike will affect 23,000 men, distributed as follows: Colorado (southern fields), 12,300; Colorado (northern fields), 3,300; New Mexico. 2,200; Wyoming, 3,400; Utah, 1,800. Total, 23,000.

their refusal to confer with represent-

Alleged Embezzler Arrested. Helena, Mont., Oct. 11 .- George Fred Hall, wanted in Omaha on a charge of embezzlement from a liquor company has been arrested here, where he wa working in a butcher shop. He admits his identity.

Hanged Daughter and Self. Cedar Rapids, Ia., Oct. 11.-Mrs. A. J. Smetena, wife of the night jailer in police headquarters, hanged her oneyear-old daughter and herself Friday

CHEAPENED GUESTS OF HONOR AT WHITE HOUSE

Honourable Artillery Company of London Received by President.

A MOST CORDIAL RECEPTION

British Gunners Present a Brillian Spectacle-Guests Lunch With President Roosevelt and Prominent Officials.

Washington, Oct. 12,-President and Mrs. Roosevelt Saturday afternoon gave an elaborate reception to the Honourable Artillery Company of London; the Ancient and Henorable Artillers Company of Boston, and the Minutemen, of this city. Invited to meet the guests of honor were the most prominent officers of the government, and leading members of Washington society.

Lord Denbigh formed his men in parade facing the White House. It was a brilliant spectacle, the handsome uniforms of the visitors showing splendidly against the dark green of the lawn and foliage of the grounds.

Col. Thomas W. Symons, military aid to the president, officially greeted Lord Denbigh, and received his announcement that the company was ready for same time advises the bankers that the inspection by the president. Mrs. Roosevelt and several other ladies stood on the portico and watched with evident interest the formation of the

British Calors Were Dipped.

After receiving Col. Symons' report, president acknowledged the salute by that the treasury has to loan the banks, standing with bared head. Lord Denadjutant, and Col. Symons and Com- help the banks. mander Cowles, made a careful inspection of both ranks of the company, terest in the uniforms and equipment the British ensigns were dipped.

Lunched With President. The company, headed by the band ness playing the inspiring march of the "British Grenadiers," then marched to the entrance of the east front terrace. There arms were stacked, and the men, headed by Lord Denbigh and the officers, proceeded to the red room, and thence into the blue room, where they were receive by the president and Mrs. Roosevelt, members of the cabinet and to meet the artillerymen. Col. Symons sisted.

where a buffet luncheon was served

During the reception the Marine band president his appreciation of the honors extended to his organization.

HONORS TO GEN. HAMILTON.

The Administration is Extending Courtesies to Lieut.-Gen. Inn Hamilton, of British Army.

Washington, Oct. 12 - Lieut.-Gen. Ian Hamilton, of the British army, reached Washington Saturday afternoon and was met by Col. H. A. Greene, of the general staff. He was the guest of Gen. Corbin at dinner, and at 9:30 Saturday evening all of the officers on duty in Washington were presented to him at the Corbin home.

Sunday Gen. Hamilton dined with Acting Secretary of War Oliver and Gen. Johnson. To-day he will visit the Gettysburg battlefield and tomorrow he will attend the dedication of the Objo monument at Antietam, On Wednesday he will visit Fort Meyer, and on Thursday the president will entertain him at dinner.

Gen. Hamilton was with Lord Roberts in South Africa, and was afterward Gen. Kitchener's chief of staff.

Reported Sale of Lipton Plant. Chicago, Oct. 11 .- Reports are in circulation that the packing house of Sir Thomas Lipton had been purchased by Schwarzchild & Sulzberger for \$320,000. Denial was made by N. G alded this so-called philanthropic action Conybear, Chicago manager for Lip-

Shot by Chinese Pirates. Cologne, Oct. 11.-A dispatch from Canton to Cologne Gazette says pi rates in south China have mortally wounded a German missionary of the name of Homeyer and a woman. The and many employes are anxious to get wounds were caused by revolver shots.

Command For a Registde. Belgrade, Servia, Oct. 11.-Col. Alex. Machin, the former minister of public works, who took a prominent part in tne assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga, has been appointed to the command of the Belgrade and Danube division of the army.

Death of William Howarth. Virginia, Ill., Oct. 12.-William Howarth, 68 years old, died Saturday at Chandlerville, Ill. He was a wealthy land owner and held county offices. He leaves a family.



"A DIFFICULT FEAT."

RESCUED BY SHAW. Desperate Measures Resorted To Because of the Approach-

ing Pante. Secretary Shaw for political reasons wants to stave off a panic as long as possible, and at the Maryland and Washington bankers' meeting at Old Point Comfort he declared that "the time has come when either more government bonds must be issued as a basis for bank circulation, or some other system must be adopted." This report of what Secretary Shaw said was published in the Washington Post, September 26, and shows the administration intends to use Its influence for the asset currency plan, for it is impossible to believe that even the present administration would issue more bonds just to aid Wall street in the

panic that seems imminent.

When Secretary Shaw says there is no danger of a money panic, but at the conditions are so desperate that, either more bonds must be issued, or some other system of issuing currency must be adopted, the wise man can read between the lines and see there are troublous times ahead. The break may come soon, or it may be postponed for a time, but speculation that has run riot for some President Roosevelt descended the years is certainly exhausted, and much steps, acompanied by Col. Symons and business and many people are drawing Commander W. S. Cowles, his naval in their horns preparing for a rainy day. atd. As they reached the foot of the the banks and overriding the law that steps the bugles sounded a fanfare, the government deposits and company presented arms and the Brit- bank reserves will only stay the tide ish colors were dipped to the ground. awhile; the evil is too deep rooted to While the bugles were sounding the be cured by a few millions, more or less,

The very fact of the desperate measbigh then advanced and received from ures that the republican administration the president a cordial greeting. After is taking will cause more deposits to be chatting a minute, President Roosevelt. withdrawn than the dollars the treasury accompanied by Lord Denbigh and his holds that are available to be used to

The chief trouble is the lack of confidence, and that barometer of the finanthe president manifesting a deep in- cial world-Wall street-is already experiencing a thorough house cleaning of of the men. At the conclusion of the the watered stocks that it has been the inspection, while President Roosevelt main effort of Secretary Shaw to bolstood with bared head, another fanfare ster up. The effect of this will soon be was sounded by the bugles and again pparent in the country, the depression depending on the soundness with which the local banks have managed their busi-

THE PRESIDENT'S PICKLE.

Shocking State of Affairs Confront the People in the Delaware-Addicks Deal.

The statement of Postmaster General Payne that President Roosevelt was fully the ladies who accompanied them, and aware of the deal that had been made the other guests who had been invited for the division of the spoils of office in Delaware is rather hard on a civil servmade the presentations to the presi- ice reformer as President Roosevelt prodent, while Commander Cowles and fesses to be. It must be especially dis-Capt Leonard, of the marine corps, as- heartening to those republicans who were hopeful that their party would not The London company was followed be disgraced by complicity with the atbeen received and had assembled in the be expected, but that the president aceast room, they passed through the quiesced in supporting the notorious Admain corridor to the state dining room, dicks, is a shock to all patriots who de-

mand decent government. The offense that Miss Todd had comwas stationed in the grounds, south mitted and for which her dismissal was of the White House. It rendered a requested, was that she opposed the Adprogramme of specially selected music. dicks faction and that alone is why Mr. The reception lasted about an hour Payne, as official headsman chopped off and a half and was a most enjoyable her head. There was no word against her affair. Lord Denbigh expressed to the personal or official conduct, no petition rom patrons of the office for her removal. but she and her family were opposed to Addicks. That was crime enough for

Mr. Payne A fellow feeling made him wondrous kind to Addicks and his ambition to represent Delaware in the United States senate. The respectable faction of the epublican party in Delaware have been trying to stem the tide of corruption and have denounced Addicks as a debaucher of the voters of the state, but Postmaster General Payne has evidently determined

to aid him. What will President Roosevelt do? Will he reinstate Miss Todd or stand by the action of his postmaster general? President Roosevelt can afford to be ndependent of the Addicks faction, for in any event they can but send a contesting delegation to the next national convention, and their claim for recogniion will be settled by that body where

the will of the president, from the present outlook, will be omnipotent. But the voters of Delaware and the whole country will hold him responsible and expect him to carry out his own declaration that words are good only when backed by Steel Trust Gold Bricks. When the preferred stock of the United States Steel corporation was selling at 86, last December, the officials "gener ously" permitted their employes to take it at 8214. The republican papers her-

as one of the many blessings that were to flow from the great trusts that had become so numerous under the Dingley curred. bill. It was said that if any of the stockholding employes wished to do so they could get their money back and keep the dividends they might have received. Now that this stock is selling below 60 out whole, the officials announce that in January and February, 1908, they will make their word good. As about 20 per cent. of the mills are now closed and as an all around wage reduction is expected

on January 1, 1904, the 27,000 employes who are also shareholders are beginning to wonder if they can hold out until 1908; also if the present management will then be in control and able to make good lis word. Hereafter they will beware of Greeks bearing gifts.

-The Roosevelt press agent has not been so busy of late. Has it dawned on the strenuous one that the charge of "spectacularism" was easily made good? _Ringhamton Leader.



EXAMPLE OF PROTEC TION."

REPUBLICANS IN A HOLE.

Sly Statistician Set to Work to Raise Wages and Lower Prices on Paper.

When the republicans get in a tight place, due to discontent from high prices low wages or waning prosperity, they send for Col. Carroll B. Wright. They state their troubles to him and ask him to fix things up. He smiles, suggestively, and says he will try. If he is suc cessful-and he usually is-the republicans see that his reputation as a statistical authority does not suffer, no matter how devious and crooked his methods. He gets the required result, is promoted to the highest position, and is hailed as the statistical savior of mankind. The republicans understand their business as well as Col. Wright does his business.

A year or so ago the republicans became desperate. The census statistics of manufactures, instead of showing a substantial advance from 1890 to 1900 showed a decline in wages of 114 per cent. As Dingley bill trusts were multiplying and were raising prices rapidly and greatly increasing the cost of living, wise republicans saw trouble ahead. They consulted with their old friend, Col. Wright, whose methods had juggled the 1890 figures so that they showed a substantial rise in wages, and who supposed that he had the 1900 census fixed to show a similar advance. They told him that he must somehow make a better showing for the wage earner either by raising wages or by reducing prices, or by both. "Get your lahor bureau busy," they said, "and do your best for us. Discredit the census figures and ask the people to wait for the only statistics which will be worthy of consideration. We will boost you as an authority in the meantime, and, if the census wage statistics now being prepared by Prof. Dewey are not likely to prove satisfactory, we will try to hold them up until after the 1904 election."

Col. Wright agreed to do his best. It March, 1903, the department of labor issued a bulletin on the "Course of Wholesale Prices, 1890-1902," which showed that prices were exactly as high in 1902 as in 1890, and that they ross only 25½ per cent. from 1897 to 1902. This was about 15 per cent less than the rise shown by the statistics of R. G. Dun & Co., which are more carefully 'weighted." On September 30, it was announced from Washington;

"The bureau of labor, under the direction of Carroll B. Wright, is about to issue the results of an exhaustive study of the increased cost of living during the last few years in relation to the increase of wages. The work will be presented in two volumes, one relating to expenditures and the other to earnings. The manuscript will go to the printer in two days. The results of this inquiry show that there has been a striking simpair of scissors was awarded Lucy utemen, each being warmly greeted by should have given the Addicks faction larity between the advance in wages Brown, aged 70, for the best exhibition the president. After the guests had their share of the political spoils was to neither has gone forward as much as popularly supposed. The current report that commodities have advanced 27 per cent, is shown to be wide of the mark, It will be nearer 15 or 17 per cent. Wages have so fully kept pace with increased cost of living that it may safe ly be said that the condition of the laboring man is better to-day than ever before in the history of this country." Of course, these statistics, coming

from such a high authority, will reassure the workingmen and make them contented and happy. The man whose wages have remained substantially the same as they were in 1897 and who is paying 35 per cent, more for what he has to buy, will now feel that he is at least as well off as he was at the beginning of republican rule. This is all that he could expect and the most that the republicans claim. The prosperity that they talk about has all gone to the trusts. Until these new statistics are published and the methods of reaching them are known, we cannot criticise them, except to say that they differ radically from any others now extant. But to show how worthless they will probably pe, except from a political standpoint

Col. Wright won his first statistical victory and ingratiated himself with the republicans, by falsifying and juggling the wage statistics of Massachusetts One of his methods of raising wages statistically, was to divide the total wages paid in 1885 by the "average" number of wage earners, instead of by the entire number employed, and be tween whom the wages were actually divided, as was done in 1875. In this way he showed a decline of only ten per cent., whereas the actual decline was nearly 20 per cent. His same methods continued to 1895, showed an increase in wages when an actual decline had oc-

In these ways, a well disciplined republican press makes small men great and great men small, for the time being. Future history will do much to adjust matters, but the politicians are looking for immediate results and care little for the higher historical criticism which may follow. If their pockets are well filled with the proceeds of political graft, they are willing to take their chances with future critics.

Great is Col. Wright, professional wage raiser and price reducer and official statistical juggler of the G. O. P.! BYRON W. HOLT

The silence at Washington re specting the case of Miss Huldah Todd, the postmistress in Delaware who was removed to make room for a supporter of J. Edward Addicks, betokens a pur pose to let the subject "die out." But it is still reverberating in the columns of the cress .- N. Y. Post (Ind.)



Minn., tells how woman's monthly suffering may be quickly and permanently relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I have never before given my endorsement for any medicine, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has added so much to my life and happiness that I feel like making an exception in this case. For two years every month I would have two days of severe pain and could find no relief, but one day when visiting a friend I run across Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,—she had used it with the best results and advised me to try it. I found that it worked wonders with me; I now experience no pain and only had to use a few bottles to bring about this wonderful change. I use it occasionally now when I am exceptionally tired or worn out."—
Miss Alice M. Smith, 804 Third Ave., South Minneapolis, Minn., Chairman Executive Committee Minneapolis Study Club.

Beauty and strength in women vanish early in life because of monthly pain or some menstrual irregularity. Many suffer silently and see their best gifts fade away. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helps women preserve roundness of form and freshness of face because it makes their entire female organism healthy. It carries women safely through the various natural crises and is the safeguard of woman's health.

The truth about this great medicine is told in the letters from women published in this paper constantly.

Mrs. C. Kleinschrodt, Morrison, Ill., says: -

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: - I have suffered ever since I was thirteen years of age with my menses.

They were irregular and very painful. I
doctored a great deal but received no benefit. "A friend advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did, and after taking a few bottles of it, I found "Menstruation is now regular and without pain. I am enjoying better health than I have for sometime.

How is it possible for us to make it plainer that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com-pound will positively help all sick women? All women are constituted alike, rich and poor, high and low,—all suffer from the same organic troubles. Surely, no one can wish to remain weak and sickly, discouraged with life and without hope for the future, when proof is so unmistakable that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will monthly suffering - all womb and ovarian troubles, and all the ills

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Prinkham Medicine Co., Lyun, Mass.



.22 CALIBER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES. Winchester .22 Caliber Cartridges shoot when you want them to and where you point your gun. Buy the timetried Winchester make, having the trade-mark " H " we may mention some of Col. Wright's stamped on the head. They cost only a few cents more past methods of raising wages-on paa box than the unreliable kind, but they are dollars better. FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

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